Invasive Species Alert

Zander

(Sander lucioperca)
Not detected in Michigan

Identification:

- Slender body, grey-green back, white belly, dark transverse rings
- Average length: 50 cm
- 2 dorsal fins, pointed head, many small teeth and a few large teeth
- Not a hybrid of a pike and perch



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Habitat: Eutrophic lakes, brackish coastal lakes/estuaries, and large turbid rivers. Homing is well developed and migrations can be as far as 250 km.



U. S. Geological Survey, Bugwood.org

Diet: Predominantly feed on gregarious fishes in pelagic waters

Native Range: Continental Europe to western Siberia

U.S. Distribution: There is an established population of zander in Spiritwood Lake in North Dakota.

Local Concern: Introduction into Michigan waters could lead to a crash in some fish communities. There is also a concern for hybridization with walleye.

Potential Means of Introduction: Bio manipulation, illegal stocking

Other Names: European pike perch

Native look-alikes and how you can tell them apart from a zander:

- ✓ Walleye: Body color is much more golden, light dorsal fin with a dark area at the base, white spot on the bottom of the tail
- ✓ Sauger: Spots on the dorsal fin
- ✓ **Yellow Perch:** 6-9 vertical bars on their sides, no canines

Report this species at www.misin.msu.edu or download the MISIN smartphone app and report it from your phone